### Condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan" and its subsidiaries

for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2024

August 2024

# Condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan" and its subsidiaries

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000 «ЦАТР - аудиторские услуги»

Россия, 115035, Москва Садовническая на6., 75 Тел.: +7 495 705 9700 +7 495 755 9700 Факс: +7 495 755 9701

ОГРН: 1027739707203 ИНН: 7709383532 ОКПО: 59002827 КПП: 770501001 TSATR – Audit Services LLC Sadovnicheskaya Nab., 75 Moscow, 115035, Russia Tel: +7 495 705 9700 +7 495 755 9700

Fax: +7 495 755 9701

www.b1.ru

#### **Report on Review of Interim Financial Information**

To the Shareholders, the Board of Directors of Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan"

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan" and its subsidiaries, which comprise the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 and the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2024 ("interim consolidated financial information").

Management of Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan" is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim consolidated financial information in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim consolidated financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*.

Ratinskaya Anna Vadimovna

Partner

TSATR – Audit Services Limited Liability Company

19 August 2024

#### Details of the auditor

Name: TSATR - Audit Services Limited Liability Company

Record made in the State Register of Legal Entities on 5 December 2002, State Registration Number 1027739707203.

Address: Russia 115035, Moscow, Sadovnicheskaya naberezhnaya, 75.

TSATR – Audit Services Limited Liability Company is a member of Self-regulatory organization of auditors Association "Sodruzhestvo". TSATR – Audit Services Limited Liability Company is included in the control copy of the register of auditors and audit organizations, main registration number 12006020327.

#### Details of the entity

Name: Public joint stock company "Leasing company "Europlan"

Record made in the State Register of Legal Entities on 30 June 2017, State Registration Number 1177746637584.

Address: Russia 119049, Moscow, Korovy Val street, 5.

# Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024

(in thousands of Russian roubles, unless otherwise stated)

_	Note	30 June 2024 (unaudited)	31 December 2023
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	12,088,197	11,561,804
Derivative financial instruments	7	3,189,847	2,162,876
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost	8	256,734,248	229,660,814
Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations	9	4,045,133	3,662,387
Debtors on leasing activity	10	328,378	228,090
Current income tax prepayment		73,398	13,144
VAT recoverable		2,193,954	5,007,240
Property and equipment and right-of-use assets	11	4,284,586	3,825,237
Leased objects returned		6,068,453	3,419,472
Other assets	12	6,559,949	5,165,198
Total assets		295,566,143	264,706,262
Liabilities	_	=====	
Derivative financial instruments	7	56,822	1,591
Advances received from lessees		3,318,908	4,694,255
Borrowings	13	188,830,196	155,179,354
Bonds issued	14	37,047,730	47,086,889
Lease liabilities	28	1,062,710	1,092,361
Current income tax payable		85,109	493
VAT payable	22	386,990	317,943
Deferred tax liabilities	22	8,162,175	6,390,077
Other liabilities	15	5,359,510	5,257,799
Total liabilities		244,310,150	220,020,762
Souity			
<b>Equity</b> Share capital	16	120,000	120,000
·	10	1,000,000	1,000,000
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings		47,687,294	41,911,763
•		2,448,699	1,653,737
Cashflow hedge reserve		51,255,993	44,685,500
Total equity		-	-
Total liabilities and equity		295,566,143	264,706,262

Approved for issue and signed on behalf of the Company on 19 August 2024.



### Condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

#### for the three and six months ended 30 June 2024 (unaudited)

(in thousands of Russian roubles, unless otherwise stated)

		For the six m	nonths ended	For the three i	months ended
	Note	30 June 2024	30 June 2023*	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Interest income		22.507.01.4	14007000	12 402 527	7.600.042
Net investment in leases		23,587,914	14,887,268	12,493,527	7,688,843
Interest income calculated using the					
effective interest method  Cash and cash equivalents and deposits					
in banks		878,485	335,564	409,300	153,806
Financial assets at amortised cost		561,662	288,517	307,947	156,640
Other assets		-	7,602	_	4,164
Total interest income		25,028,061	15,518,951	13,210,774	8,003,453
Interest expense	17	(13,055,732)	(7,489,894)	(6,947,019)	(3,906,935)
Net interest income		11,972,329	8,029,057	6,263,755	4,096,518
Non-interest income					
Income from organising the provision of					
services		2,652,120	1,978,787	1,415,108	1,070,470
Additional income from lease activities		2,189,869	1,726,684	1,165,231	956,681
Agency fee income from standard types					
of insurance		2,100,714	1,641,908	1,167,458	920,686
Net income from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements	18	353,245	661,029	303,579	308,608
Other non-interest income	18	524,265	393,980	274,596	206,877
Total non-interest income	10	7,820,213	6,402,388	4,325,972	3,463,322
Non-interest expense	18	(815,166)	(485,171)	(487,189)	(254,420)
Net non-interest income	10	7,005,047	5,917,217	3,838,783	3,208,902
Total net interest and non-interest operating income		18,977,376	13,946,274	10,102,538	7,305,420
Changes in allowance for expected credit					
losses on leasing assets	19	(2,328,487)	(699,000)	(1,755,713)	(450,553)
Changes in allowance for expected credit		(2/020/107/	(055,000,	(1), 30), 10)	(100,000,
losses on other assets	19	(13,805)	(10,620)	(21,316)	(11,416)
Changes in allowance for other losses	19	(347,444)	(243,412)	(168,027)	(131,787)
Staff expenses	20	(4,197,533)	(3,434,007)	(2,130,898)	(1,730,729)
General and administrative expenses	21	(1,117,224) 5,588	(819,731) 3,943	(565,361) 3,246	(410,680) 1,986
Other non-operating income Profit before income tax		10,978,471	8,743,447	5,464,469	4,572,241
Income tax expense	22	(2,202,940) <b>8,775,531</b>	(1,738,301) <b>7,005,146</b>	(1,086,741) <b>4,377,728</b>	(872,451) <b>3,699,790</b>
Net profit		0,773,331	7,003,140	4,377,720	3,033,730
Other comprehensive income that					
may be reclassified to profit or loss					
in subsequent periods					
Result from financial instruments used		2 620 012	(1.40.001)	2 020 620	66.047
for cash flow hedge Reclassified to profit or loss		2,628,813 (1,635,111)	(140,981) 443,980	2,020,638 (790,793)	66,847 241,962
Effect of deferred income tax		(1,033,111)	(60,600)	(245,969)	(61,762)
Other comprehensive income for the period		794,962	242,399	983,876	247,047
Total comprehensive income					,
for the period		9,570,493	7,247,545	5,361,604	3,946,837
Earinings per share					
(in Russian roubles per share)	16	73.13	58.38	36.48	30.84

<sup>\*</sup> Comparative information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is presented with change in presentation of line items (Note 5).

# Condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six months ended 30 June 2024 (unaudited)

(in thousands of Russian roubles, unless otherwise stated)

_	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Cashflow hedge reserve	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2023	120,000	1,000,000	32,916,681	(216,434)	33,820,247
Net profit	-	-	7,005,146	-	7,005,146
Other comprehensive income for the period				242,399	242,399
Total comprehensive income for the period _			7,005,146	242,399	7,247,545
Dividends paid (Note 16)			(2,000,400)		(2,000,400)
Balance as at 30 June 2023	120,000	1,000,000	37,921,427	25,965	39,067,392
Balance as at 1 January 2024	120,000	1,000,000	41,911,763	1,653,737	44,685,500
Net profit	-	_	8,775,531	_	8,775,531
Other comprehensive income for the period				794,962	794,962
Total comprehensive income for the period			8,775,531	794,962	9,570,493
Dividends paid (Note 16)			(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	120,000	1,000,000	47,687,294	2,448,699	51,255,993

## Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended 30 June 2024 (unaudited)

(in thousands of Russian roubles, unless otherwise stated)

	For the six n	nonths ended
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023*
Cash flows from operating activities		
Interest received	23,765,479	15,606,862
Agency fee income from standard types of insurance, received	2,062,959	1,615,137
Interest paid	(13,002,778)	(7,536,907)
Proceeds from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements	1,461,342	714,372
Payments to employees and payroll related taxes paid Income from organising the provision of services, additional income from	(4,682,286)	(3,784,572)
lease activities and other non-interest income received	5,127,829	3,378,935
General and administrative expenses paid	(896,906)	(541,275)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating	(000)000)	(0 : 2/2 / 0 /
assets/liabilities	13,835,639	9,452,552
		5, 102,002
Changes in operating assets/liabilities		
Debtors on leasing activity	228,320	98,624
Other assets including VAT recoverable	1,898,323	(752,120)
Other liabilities including VAT payable	(17,552)	201,915
Lease payments received to repay net investment in leases and financial		- 4 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6
assets at amortised cost, and advances received from lessees	64,830,386	54,683,086
Purchase of assets for finance lease	(99,274,698) (583,279)	(77,993,540) (768,273)
Purchase of assets for operating lease	(19,082,861)	(15,077,756)
Net cash flows used in operating activities before income tax		
Income tax paid	(605,220)	(870,924)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(19,688,081)	(15,948,680)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	7,401	10,390
Purchase of property and equipment	(270,638)	(119,380)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(263,237)	(108,990)
Cash flows from financing activities	C2 400 120	20,000,000
Borrowings received (Note 28) Borrowings repaid (Note 28)	63,490,128 (29,916,759)	38,000,000 (20,264,299)
Bonds issued (Note 28)	(29,910,739)	12,000,000
Bonds repaid/redeemed (Note 28)	(9,993,156)	(5,381,706)
Lease liabilities repaid (Note 28)	(107,147)	(101,917)
Dividends paid (Note 28)	(3,000,000)	(2,000,400)
Net cash flows from financing activities	20,473,066	22,251,678
		(2-)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	4.645	(25)
Effect of expected credit losses changes on cash and cash equivalents	4,645	(3,248)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	526,393	6,190,735
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	11,561,804	10,172,629
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 6)	12,088,197	16,363,364

<sup>\*</sup> Comparative information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is presented with change in presentation of line items (Note 5).

#### 1 Introduction

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS/IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting for the six months ended 30 June 2024 for Public Joint Stock Company "Leasing company "Europlan" (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

PJSC "LC "Europlan's" registered address is 5, Korovy Val st., Moscow, 119049, Russian Federation.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the following shareholders own ordinary shares of PJSC "LC "Europlan":

	Snare, %		
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	
PJSC "SFI"	87.50	100.00	
Key management personnel	0.59	-	
Other	11.91		
Total	100.00	100.00	

In March 2024 PJSC "LC "Europlan" conducted an initial public offering of shares owned by PJSC "SFI" on the Moscow Exchange, during which 12.5% of the Company's shares were realised. As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the ultimate controlling party is Mr. Gutseriev Said Mikhaylovich.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the main subsidiaries of PJSC "LC "Europlan" are LLC "Autoleasing" and LLC "Europlan Service" with 100% ownership.

The principal activities of the Group are leasing of various types of automobiles to individual entrepreneurs and legal entities within the Russian Federation and organising the provision of services related to leased assets. The Group purchases leasing assets from suppliers operating on the territory of the Russian Federation. The Group operates in the Russian Federation. As at 30 June 2024 the Group provided its services via 92 offices (31 December 2023: 85). As at 30 June 2024 the number of employees was 2,969 (31 December 2023: 2,719).

#### 2 Operating environment of the Group

The Group's operations are located in the Russian Federation. Consequently, the Group is exposed to the risks on economic and financial markets of the Russian Federation, which demonstrates characteristics of an emerging market. The legal, tax and regulatory frameworks continue to develop, but are subject to varying interpretations and frequent changes which together with other legal and fiscal peculiarities contribute to the challenges faced by entities operating in the Russian Federation. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements reflect management's assessment of the impact of the Russian business environment on the operations and the financial position of the Group.

Although the future business environment may differ from management's assessment, management believes it is taking all the necessary measures to support the sustainability and development of the Group's business.

#### Effect of geopolitical situation

During the six months ended 30 June 2024 continued geopolitical tensions and the conflict related to Ukraine continued to have an effect on the economy of the Russian Federation. The European Union, the United States of America and a number of other countries have imposed new sanctions on a number of Russian state and commercial organisations, individuals. The processes related to the search for alternative supply channels have led to an increase in the share of supplies from Chinese manufacturers. The Group continues to carry out its activities and provide small and medium-sized Russian businesses with vehicles.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in this section.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Russian roubles ("RUB") unless otherwise indicated.

#### New amendments adopted by the Group

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year 2023, except for the adoption of new amendments effective as of 1 January 2024, outlined below. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

- Classification of Liabilities as Short-term and Long-term Amendments to IAS 1;
- Subsequent Measurement of Assets and Liabilities in Sale and Leaseback Transactions that Meet the Criteria for a Transfer of Control of an Asset Amendments to IFRS 16;
- Characteristics and Disclosure of Supplier Finance Arrangements Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7.

These amendments had no impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries, which are those entities which are controlled by the Group, are consolidated. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee;
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are items which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and highly liquid placements with banks with original maturities of up to 90 days. Funds placed for a period of more than 90 days are excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Borrowings**

Issued financial instruments or their components are classified as liabilities, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity instruments. Such instruments include bonds issued and borrowings. After initial recognition, borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the borrowings are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swaps, to hedge its interest rate risks (Note 23). Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices or pricing models based on the current market and contractual values of the underlying instruments and other factors. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, interest rate swaps are classified as cash flow hedges when hedging the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability.

Hedges that meet all the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for, as described below:

#### Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) in the cashflow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss. The cash flow hedge reserve is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

The Group designates interest rate swaps as a hedging instrument, and financial liabilities with floating interest rates as a hedged item. Changes in fair value of interest rate swaps are recognised in OCI and accumulated in a separate component of equity in cashflow hedge reserve in other reserves. The amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in OCI must remain in accumulated OCI if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur. Otherwise, the amount will be immediately reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

The notional amount is the quantity of the derivative instrument's underlying asset; changes in the value of derivative instruments are estimated on its basis using base rate. The notional amounts indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the reporting period end and are not indicative of credit risk.

The Group evaluates derivative financial instruments using generally recognised valuation techniques based on market interest rates for forward transactions. Significant changes in these indicators may result in significant fluctuations in the fair value of derivative financial instruments.

#### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

At inception of a contract, an entity shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, an entity shall account for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract, unless the entity applies the practical expedient, which is available to lessees only. For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, a lessor allocates the consideration in the contract applying IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and a lessee – on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, unless a lessee applies the practical expedient and does not separate the non-lease components.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Leases (continued)

#### Inception of the lease

The inception of the lease is considered to be the date of the lease agreement, or the date of commitment, if earlier.

#### Commencement of the lease term

The commencement of the lease is the date on which the lessor makes the underlying asset available for use by the lessee. It is the date of initial recognition of the lease.

#### i. Operating – Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Variable lease payments are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

#### ii. Finance – Group as a lessor

The Group recognises lease receivables at value equal to the net investment in the lease, starting from the date of commencement of the lease term.

Net investment in leases / finance income from leases

Net investment in leases is calculated as the aggregate of minimum lease payments net of reimbursable expenses, representing the amounts guaranteed by the lessee and any unguaranteed residual value (together gross investment in leases), discounted at the interest rate implicit in lease. The interest rate implicit in lease is the discount rate that, at the inception of lease, causes the present value of the gross investment in lease to be equal to the fair value of the leased asset.

The difference between the gross investment in leases and the net investment in leases represents unearned finance income. This income is recognised by the Group over the term of the lease using net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

Initial direct costs are included in the initial measurement of net investment in leases and reduce the amount of income recognised over the lease term. The interest rate implicit in the lease is determined so that the initial direct costs are automatically included in net investment in leases; there is no need for their separate inclusion.

The Group starts to accrue interest income from the lease commencement date.

Payments received by the Group from lessees up to the commencement date of the lease are treated as advances received from lessees (a separate line within liabilities section) and adjust recognised net investment in leases at the commencement date.

Any advances made to the supplier are recorded as advances to suppliers for lease operations.

Assets purchased for leasing purposes

Items purchased for leasing purposes represent assets purchased for subsequent transfer to lessees but not transferred at the reporting date. The assets are carried at cost.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Leases (continued)

Leased objects returned

Leased objects returned generally represent the assets returned by the Group from delinquent lessees under terminated finance lease contracts. The major types of assets held are cars, trucks and other equipment. When the Group takes possession of the collateral under terminated lease contracts, the assets in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Financial assets at amortised cost included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position item "Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost"

Where the Group's acquisition of an asset through sale and leaseback transactions does not satisfy the requirements of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to be accounted for as an asset acquisition, the Group, as a buyer-lessor, recognises a financial asset as a financial asset at amortised cost in accordance with IFRS 9.

#### **Taxation**

In the consolidated statement of financial position current income tax prepayment and current income tax payable are presented at the Group's entities level.

Value added tax ("VAT")

Output value added tax is payable to the budget of the Russian federation on the earlier of (a) collection of the receivables from customers or (b) delivery of the goods or services to customers.

Input VAT is the amount of VAT paid on the purchased goods or services, including purchased assets to be transferred under finance lease contracts. This VAT is eligible for recovery from the budget of the Russian Federation in case the company has invoices provided by suppliers for the purchase of goods or services (VAT on purchases).

The position of VAT payable or recoverable is determined as the difference between the obligation to pay VAT on the amount of sales goods or services, including received advance payments (VAT on sales), and the right to recover VAT from the budget on the amounts of the purchased assets of the Company including advance payments related to purchases of the Company (VAT on purchases).

If the difference is positive, then there is an obligation to pay VAT to the budget, if it is negative, then there is a right to a refund from the budget of the Russian Federation.

Reimbursement from the budget of the Russian Federation is carried out after tax inspection audit of the VAT tax return or in a declarative manner in cases established for by the Tax Code of the Russian Federation.

VAT recoverable is assessed for impairment.

In the consolidated statement of financial position VAT recoverable and VAT payable are presented on a net basis by offsetting VAT payable against VAT recoverable at the Group's entities level, if the offsetting conditions are met.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Segment information

The Group operates in one segment - "Leasing activity":

Leasing activity includes conclusion of financial lease contracts with legal entities and individual entrepeneurs and further monitoring of the execution of these contracts.

#### Recognition of income and expenses

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

#### Interest income and expense

The Group calculates interest income and expense on debt financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities other than credit-impaired assets. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses. The carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability is adjusted if the Group revises its estimates of payments or receipts. The adjusted carrying amount is calculated based on the original effective interest rate and the change in carrying amount is recorded as interest income or expense.

#### Non-interest income

The Group earns income from organising the provision of a diverse range of services to its customers and agency fee income from standard types of insurance. Income from organising the provision of services may be recognised when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied by by transferring a promised good or service to a customer:

- Income earned from the provision of services that are recognised over a certain period of time

  Control of a good or service is transferred over time and, therefore, a performance obligation is
  - a) The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits;

satisfied, and revenue is recognised over time, if one of the following criteria met:

- b) Satisfying a performance obligation creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- c) Performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group or a contractor, and the Group or a contractor has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.
- ▶ Income from the provision of services that are recognised at a point in time
  - If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time in accordance with the above paragraphs, a performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time at which a customer obtains control of a promised asset.

Additional income from lease activities represents mainly income from changes in original terms of an agreement and income received in case of violation of terms of an agreement.

#### 4 Significant accounting judgments and estimates

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has used its judgments and made estimates in determining the amounts recognised in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The most significant use of judgments and estimates are as follows:

#### Impairment losses on financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses both under IFRS 9 across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Group's expected credit losses (ECL) calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies (Note 23). Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- ► The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime expected credit loss (LTECL) basis and the qualitative assessment;
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulae and the choice of inputs;
- ▶ Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs;
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

#### 5 Change in presentation of line items

In these condensed interim consolidated financial statements the presentation of certain line items was changed to better present results and cash flows of the Group, as it was done in the consolidated financial statements for the year 2023.

### Change in presentation of line items in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

The Group has changed the presentation of line items in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as described below.

- The Group divided the "Other income" line item into several line items according to their nature and presented these line items as part of the "Non-interest income" section.
- The Group included net foreign exchange gain (loss) in the line item "Other non-interest income" due to their immateriality for a separate presentation.
- The Group has changed the composition of the subtotals in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to align them with the changed structure of the statement (subject to the changes described in the paragraphs above). The Group added the line items "Total non-interest income" and "Net non-interest income" to the report and excluded the line items "Income from operating activities" and "Total operating income". The Group also added a subtotal "Total net interest and non-interest operating income" to reflect the result from the execution of contracts for main activities less expenses directly related to their performing.
- The Group has amended the title of the line item "Other non-operating income", renaming it as "Non-operating income" in accordance with industry practice.

#### 5 Change in presentation of line items (continued)

#### Change in presentation of line items in the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows

In the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows the Group has amended the title of the line item "Comissions received", renaming it as "Agency fee income from standard types of insurance, received" and the title of the line item "Other operating income received", renaming it as "Income from organising the provision of services, additional income from lease activities and other non-interest income received" to match the line items of the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The results of change in presentation of line items for the six months ended 30 June 2023 are as follows.

### Change in presentation of line items in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	For the six months ended 30 June 2023 (before change)	Reclassification/ redesignation	For the six months ended 30 June 2023 (after change)
Other income Other expense	6,401,629 (485,171)	(6,401,629) 485,171	
Operating income	13,945,515	(13,945,515)	-
Net foreign exchange gain  Total operating income	759 <b>13,946,274</b>	(759) (13,946,274)	
Non-interest income Income from organising the provision of services Additional income from lease activities Agency fee income from standard types of insurance Net income from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements Other non-interest income Total non-interest income	- - - - -	1,978,787 1,726,684 1,641,908 661,029 393,980 <b>6,402,388</b>	1,978,787 1,726,684 1,641,908 661,029 393,980 <b>6,402,388</b>
Non-interest expense  Net non-interest income  Total net interest and non-interest operating income	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	(485,171) <b>5,917,217</b> <b>13,946,274</b>	(485,171) <b>5,917,217</b> <b>13,946,274</b>
Other non-operating income Non-operating income	3,943 	(3,943) 3,943	3,943
Profit before income tax	8,743,447		8,743,447

#### 6 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Settlement accounts in banks	2,075,312	1,257,645
Term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days	10,017,344	10,313,263
Cash and cash equivalents before impairment allowance	12,092,656	11,570,908
Allowance for expected credit losses	(4,459)	(9,104)
Total cash and cash equivalents	12,088,197	11,561,804

#### 6 Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

No settlement accounts in banks or term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days are past due or impaired. The credit quality of cash and cash equivalent balances is based on ACRA ratings. Analysis by credit quality of settlement accounts in banks and term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days is as follows:

	30 June 2024		31 December 2023	
	Settlement accounts in banks	Term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days	Settlement accounts in banks	Term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days
Neither past due nor impaired				
- AAA(RU) rated	652,951	360	350,325	3,504,858
- AA-(RU) (inclusive) to AA+(RU) rated	1,285,846	7,514,872	845,221	6,808,405
- A-(RU) (inclusive) to A+(RU) rated	132,767	2,502,112	30,501	_
- BBB-(RU) (inclusive) to BBB+(RU) rated	-	-	26,425	_
- Unrated	3,748		5,173	
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,075,312	10,017,344	1,257,645	10,313,263

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the Group has no counterparties whose aggregate balances on settlement accounts in banks and term deposits in banks with original maturity up to 90 days individually exceed 10% of equity.

All balances of cash equivalents are allocated to Stage 1. The Stages are described in Note 23. An analysis of changes in the allowances for expected credit losses for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is as follows:

	For the six months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Allowance for expected credit losses as at 1 January	(9,104)	(7,922)	
Decrease (increase) in allowance for expected credit losses	4,645	(3,248)	
Allowance for expected credit losses as at 30 June	(4,459)	(11,170)	

#### 7 Derivative financial instruments

As at 30 June 2024 the Group has the following interest rate swaps:

	Carrying value – assets	Carrying value – liabilities	Notional amount
Derivative financial instruments used as cash flow hedges			
Interest rate swaps	3,189,847	56,822	63,541,505
Total derivative financial instruments	3,189,847	56,822	63,541,505

As at 31 December 2023 the Group has the following interest rate swaps:

	Carrying value – assets	Carrying value – liabilities	Notional amount
Derivative financial instruments used as cash flow hedges			
Interest rate swaps	2,162,876	1,591	56,076,437
Total derivative financial instruments	2,162,876	1,591	56,076,437

As at 30 June 2024 the carrying amount of hedged items recognised as borrowings in liabilities in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position is RUB 63,541,505 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 56,076,437 thousand).

#### 7 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The maturity analysis of derivative financial instruments by notional amount is as follows:

	Demand and less than 1 month	From 1 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 12 months to 5 years	Total
As at 30 June 2024	1,622,099	14,549,413	14,741,389	32,628,604	63,541,505
As at 31 December 2023	1,736,481	14,288,577	15,756,497	24,294,882	56,076,437

Interest rate swap is a derivative instrument designated by the Group as a cash flow hedge. Hedge of interest rates volatility on borrowings with floating interest rates is carried out in accordance with the risk management policy (Note 23). As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the variable component of interest rate swaps and the hedged items is the key rate of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation. As at 30 June 2024 the fixed component of interest rate swaps is the fixed rate of 9.3%-17.5% per annum (31 December 2023: 7.5%-15.5% per annum).

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost comprises:

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Gross investment in leases	2024	2023
Due in 1 year	140,684,523	122,728,225
Due between 1 and 2 years	97,988,695	85,504,122
Due between 2 and 3 years	58,470,933	51,848,589
Due between 3 and 4 years	31,477,983	26,778,129
Due between 4 and 5 years	11,120,568	10,491,052
Due over 5 years	898,206	982,306
Gross investment in leases	340,640,908	298,332,423
Unearned finance income	(87,245,509)	(71,402,212)
Net investment in leases before allowance for expected credit losses	253,395,399	226,930,211
Financial assets at amortised cost before allowance for expected credit losses	5,964,332	4,509,584
Total net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before allowance for expected credit losses	259,359,731	231,439,795
Allowance for expected credit losses	(2,625,483)	(1,778,981)
Total net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost	256,734,248	229,660,814

Financial assets at amortised cost represent receivables under sale and leaseback transactions where the Group purchases the asset from the seller, leases the asset to the seller and provides the seller with a right to repurchase the asset at the end of the lease. The Group applies IFRS 9 accounting requirements for such transactions as the Group does not obtain control of the purchased asset.

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost (continued)

Movements in the allowance for expected credit losses and the gross carrying amount for net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost for the six months ended 30 June 2024 are as follows:

Total
194,893,509
_
_
_
24,817,294
-
24 21 7 224
24,817,294
(3,896)
210 706 007
219,706,907
36,546,286
_
_
-
3,106,538
_
-
3,106,538
39,652,824
231,439,795
259,359,731

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost (continued)

Movements in the allowance for expected credit losses and the gross carrying amount for net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost for the six months ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	Allowance for expected credit losses			i	Gross carrying amount			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Vehicles								
As at 1 January 2023	(580,979)	(152,878)	(114,570)	(848,427)	129,059,940	7,108,361	1,160,389	137,328,690
Movements with impact on income (loss) from changes in allowance for ECL								
Transfers to Stage 1	(18,937)	44,171	15,688	40,922	2,510,068	(2,331,435)	(178,633)	-
Transfers to Stage 2	35,249	(143,634)	34,325	(74,060)	(5,428,093)	5,773,522	(345,429)	-
Transfers to Stage 3	12,263	11,503	(156,600)	(132,834)	(869,561)	(377,662)	1,247,223	-
Effect of changes in the gross carrying amount, net	(76,728)	27,364	28,290	(21,074)	18,332,352	(1,228,282)	(348,315)	16,755,755
Changes to models and inputs used for ECL calculations	(18,650)	(10,359)	(3,265)	(32,274)		_		
Total movements with impact on income (loss) from changes in allowance for ECL	(66,803)	(70,955)	(81,562)	(219,320)	14,544,766	1,836,143	374,846	16,755,755
Movements without impact on income (loss) from changes in allowance for ECL								
Write-offs	<u> </u>		5,663	5,663			(5,663)	(5,663)
As at 30 June 2023	(647,782)	(223,833)	(190,469)	(1,062,084)	143,604,706	8,944,504	1,529,572	154,078,782
Mobile machinery and other								
As at 1 January 2023	(175,809)	(34,661)	(12,943)	(223,413)	26,566,753	1,266,265	117,247	27,950,265
Movements with impact on income (loss) from changes in allowance for ECL								
Transfers to Stage 1	(5,059)	12,533	3,414	10,888	579,288	(548,987)	(30,301)	_
Transfers to Stage 2	10,251	(38,921)	602	(28,068)	(1,297,021)	1,302,767	(5,746)	_
Transfers to Stage 3	1,017	3,113	(38,808)	(34,678)	(126,288)	(75,653)	201,941	_
Effect of changes in the gross carrying amount, net	(19,581)	3,935	(1,918)	(17,564)	4,319,005	(52,552)	(27,060)	4,239,393
Changes to models and inputs used for ECL	(==)	5,555	(=/0 = 0)		.,,	(0=/00=/	(=: /000/	,,
calculations	8,820	109	(189)	8,740	-	_	_	-
Total movements with impact on income (loss)								
from changes in allowance for ECL	(4,552)	(19,231)	(36,899)	(60,682)	3,474,984	625,575	138,834	4,239,393
As at 30 June 2023	(180,361)	(53,892)	(49,842)	(284,095)	30,041,737	1,891,840	256,081	32,189,658
Total as at 1 January 2023	(756,788)	(187,539)	(127,513)	(1,071,840)	155,626,693	8,374,626	1,277,636	165,278,955
Total as at 30 June 2023	(828,143)	(277,725)	(240,311)	(1,346,179)	173,646,443	10,836,344	1,785,653	186,268,440

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost (continued)

Analysis by credit quality of net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost as at 30 June 2024 by ratings assigned at conclusion of contracts is as follows:

_	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Vehicles				_
- Prime	13,827,197	51,146	1,013	13,879,356
- Strong	37,548,934	783,426	40,193	38,372,553
- Acceptable	85,854,380	7,812,261	209,218	93,875,859
- Sufficient	63,185,110	10,130,014	264,015	73,579,139
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before				
allowance for expected credit losses	200,415,621	18,776,847	514,439	219,706,907
Allowance for expected credit losses	(1,321,007)	(792,009)	(78,911)	(2,191,927)
Total net investment in leases and	_		_	
financial assets at amortised cost after allowance for expected credit losses	199,094,614	17,984,838	435,528	217,514,980
Mobile machinery and other				
- Prime	2,605,234	31,222	115	2,636,571
- Strong	9,057,580	282,116	25,181	9,364,877
- Acceptable	18,216,007	2,164,770	131,627	20,512,404
- Sufficient	6,209,024	859,563	70,385	7,138,972
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before				
allowance for expected credit losses	36,087,845	3,337,671	227,308	39,652,824
Allowance for expected credit losses	(236,170)	(135,269)	(62,117)	(433,556)
Total net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost after				
allowance for expected credit losses	35,851,675	3,202,402	165,191	39,219,268

Analysis by credit quality of net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 December 2023 by ratings assigned at conclusion of contracts is as follows:

_	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Vehicles				
- Prime	12,684,474	40,467	2,049	12,726,990
- Strong	36,021,350	566,946	103,600	36,691,896
- Acceptable	79,520,222	6,376,210	773,695	86,670,127
- Sufficient	50,283,500	7,806,664	714,332	58,804,496
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before			-	
allowance for expected credit losses	178,509,546	14,790,287	1,593,676	194,893,509
Allowance for expected credit losses	(810,305)	(425,653)	(204,009)	(1,439,967)
Total net investment in leases and			_	
financial assets at amortised cost after allowance for expected credit losses	177,699,241	14,364,634	1,389,667	193,453,542
Mobile machinery and other				
- Prime	2,719,650	13,092	6,096	2,738,838
- Strong	8,670,943	283,503	72,580	9,027,026
- Acceptable	17,845,465	878,094	228,294	18,951,853
- Sufficient	4,914,740	742,015	171,814	5,828,569
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before				
allowance for expected credit losses	34,150,798	1,916,704	478,784	36,546,286
Allowance for expected credit losses	(199,478)	(64,879)	(74,657)	(339,014)
Total net investment in leases and				
financial assets at amortised cost after allowance for expected credit losses	33,951,320	1,851,825	404,127	36,207,272

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost (continued)

The lessees of the Group are divided into 4 rating groups for credit quality analysis. The each group rating reflects the credit quality of net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost. The ratings are determined and fixed at the time of a transaction.

Prime credit rating: the lowest level of risk is assigned to a lessee and a leasing transaction. The lowest level of risk corresponds to counterparties with a high ability to fulfill financial obligations in a timely manner and with a low probability of default on a transaction.

Strong credit rating: low risk is assigned to a lessee and a leasing transaction. Low risk is determined by the stable ability to fulfill financial obligations in a timely manner and a slight probability of default.

Acceptable credit rating: average risk is assigned to a lessee and a leasing transaction. Average risk is determined by the moderate probability of default and the average ability to fulfill financial obligations in a timely manner.

Sufficient credit rating: the risk is higher than average. The higher than average risk is characterised by an increased probability of default on transactions with low property risk (mainly by the type of assets "Vehicles").

The Group holds the title to the asset during the lease term. Risks related to the leased asset such as damage caused by various reasons and theft are insured. The beneficiary under the insurance policy in case of total loss or theft is the Group.

Estimates of collateral value are based on the value of collateral assessed at the time of lease origination, and generally are not updated except when a lease is individually assessed as impaired.

In the absence of possibility of repossession and selling a leased asset for net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost, the allowance for expected credit losses on net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost of Stage 3 as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 would be higher by:

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Automobile total  Mobile machinery and other	(226,151) (72,677)	(882,878) (251.874)
Total effect on the allowance for expected credit losses	(298,828)	(1,134,752)

The Group takes possession of different assets in exchange of indebtness of respective lessees. The Group is in the process of selling of those assets. It is the Group's policy to sell repossessed properties in due course. The proceeds are used to reduce or repay the outstanding claim. As at 30 June 2024 the carrying value of the assets repossessed and held as at the reporting date is RUB 5,948,429 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 3,337,626 thousand).

#### 8 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost (continued)

Economic sector risk concentrations of net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost are as follows:

Freight transportation and logistics         60,440,539         23.2         52,891,541         22.9           Construction of residential and non-residential buildings         18,630,364         7.2         16,966,605         7.3           Wholesale operations – specialised         16,331,790         6.3         15,463,583         6.7           Ancillary transport activities         13,442,407         5.2         12,891,563         5.6           Passenger transportation         10,884,551         4.2         9,379,510         4.1           Leasing of wehicles         10,886,742         4.2         8,211,565         3.5           Construction of roads and railways         7,944,095         3.1         6,789,876         2.9           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor wehicle parts and accessories         4,249,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,120,855         1.6         3,373,0		30 June 2024		31 December 2023	
Construction of residential and non-residential buildings 18,630,364 7.2 16,966,605 7.3 Moholesale operations – specialised 16,331,790 6.3 15,463,583 6.7 Ancillary transport activities 13,442,407 5.2 12,891,563 5.6 Passenger transportation 10,884,551 4.2 9,379,510 4.1 Leasing of whicles 10,806,742 4.2 8,211,565 3.5 Construction of roads and railways 7,944,095 3.1 6,789,876 2.9 Wholesale operations – unspecialised 5,605,780 2.2 4,887,740 2.1 Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment 4,692,136 1.8 4,597,260 2.0 Waste collection 4,492,452 1.7 4,173,573 1.8 Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works 4,229,634 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Casing of other machines and equipment 4,223,824 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Growing annual crops 4,112,085 1.6 3,373,032 1.5 Freparation of construction site 4,103,316 1.6 3,937,406 1.7 Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster 3,589,980 1.4 3,305,445 1.4 Other specialised construction works 3,543,844 1.4 3,666,738 1.6 Engineering communications construction 3,386,547 1.3 2,882,759 1.2 Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals 2,516,153 1.0 2,322,793 1.0 Maintenance and repair of vehicles 2,313,175 0.9 1,832,573 0.8 Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9 Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8 Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9 Other industries 4 amortised cost before	- -	Amount	%	Amount	%
Construction of residential and non-residential buildings 18,630,364 7.2 16,966,605 7.3 Moholesale operations – specialised 16,331,790 6.3 15,463,583 6.7 Ancillary transport activities 13,442,407 5.2 12,891,563 5.6 Passenger transportation 10,884,551 4.2 9,379,510 4.1 Leasing of whicles 10,806,742 4.2 8,211,565 3.5 Construction of roads and railways 7,944,095 3.1 6,789,876 2.9 Wholesale operations – unspecialised 5,605,780 2.2 4,887,740 2.1 Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment 4,692,136 1.8 4,597,260 2.0 Waste collection 4,492,452 1.7 4,173,573 1.8 Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works 4,229,634 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Casing of other machines and equipment 4,223,824 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Growing annual crops 4,112,085 1.6 3,373,032 1.5 Freparation of construction site 4,103,316 1.6 3,937,406 1.7 Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster 3,589,980 1.4 3,305,445 1.4 Other specialised construction works 3,543,844 1.4 3,666,738 1.6 Engineering communications construction 3,386,547 1.3 2,882,759 1.2 Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals 2,516,153 1.0 2,322,793 1.0 Maintenance and repair of vehicles 2,313,175 0.9 1,832,573 0.8 Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9 Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8 Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9 Other industries 4 amortised cost before	Freight transportation and logistics	60,440,539	23.2	52,891,541	22.9
Wholesale operations – specialised         16,331,790         6.3         15,463,583         6.7           Ancillary transport activities         13,442,407         5.2         12,891,563         5.6           Passenger transportation         10,884,551         4.2         9,379,510         4.1           Leasing of vehicles         10,806,742         4.2         8,211,565         3.5           Construction of roads and railways         7,944,095         3.1         6,789,876         2.9           Wholesale operations – unspecialised         5,605,780         2.2         4,887,740         2.1           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,223,824         1.6         3,373,032         1.5	Construction of residential and				
Ancillary transport activities 13,442,407 5.2 12,891,563 5.6 Passenger transportation 10,884,551 4.2 9,379,510 4.1 Leasing of vehicles 10,806,742 4.2 8,211,565 3.5 Construction of roads and railways 7,944,095 3.1 6,789,876 2.9 Wholesale operations – unspecialised 5,605,780 2.2 4,887,740 2.1 Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment 4,692,136 1.8 4,597,260 2.0 Waste collection 4,492,452 1.7 4,173,573 1.8 Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories 4,348,137 1.7 3,476,229 1.5 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works 4,229,634 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Leasing of other machines and equipment 4,223,824 1.6 3,660,312 1.6 Growing annual crops 4,112,085 1.6 3,373,032 1.5 Preparation of construction site 4,103,316 1.6 3,937,406 1.7 Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster 3,589,980 1.4 3,305,445 1.4 Other specialised construction works 3,543,844 1.4 3,666,738 1.6 Engineering communications construction 3,386,547 1.3 2,882,759 1.2 Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals 2,516,153 1.0 2,322,793 1.0 Maintenance and repair of vehicles 2,313,175 0.9 1,832,573 0.8 Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9 Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8 Vehicles trading 0.7 1,993,838 0.9 Other industries 4 amortised cost before	non-residential buildings	18,630,364	7.2	16,966,605	7.3
Passenger transportation         10,884,551         4.2         9,379,510         4.1           Leasing of vehicles         10,806,742         4.2         8,211,565         3.5           Construction of roads and railways         7,944,095         3.1         6,789,876         2.9           Wholesale operations – unspecialised         5,605,780         2.2         4,887,740         2.1           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment of construction works         4,223,824         1.6         3,690,383         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment of construction works         3,589,80         1.4	Wholesale operations – specialised	16,331,790	6.3	15,463,583	6.7
Leasing of vehicles         10,806,742         4.2         8,211,565         3.5           Construction of roads and railways         7,944,095         3.1         6,789,876         2.9           Wholesale operations – unspecialised         5,605,780         2.2         4,887,740         2.1           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,223,824         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Growing annual crops         4,112,085         1.6         3,373,032         1.5           Preparation of construction site         4,103,316         1.6         3,937,406         1.7           Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,445	Ancillary transport activities	13,442,407	5.2	12,891,563	5.6
Construction of roads and railways         7,944,095         3.1         6,789,876         2.9           Wholesale operations – unspecialised         5,605,780         2.2         4,887,740         2.1           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,223,824         1.6         3,660,312         1.6           Growing annual crops         4,112,085         1.6         3,373,032         1.5           Preparation of construction site         4,103,316         1.6         3,937,406         1.7           Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,445         1.4           Other specialised construction works         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,	Passenger transportation	10,884,551	4.2	9,379,510	4.1
Wholesale operations – unspecialised         5,605,780         2.2         4,887,740         2.1           Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,223,824         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Growing annual crops         4,112,085         1.6         3,373,032         1.5           Preparation of construction site         4,103,316         1.6         3,937,406         1.7           Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,445         1.4           Other specialised construction works         3,543,844         1.4         3,666,738         1.6           Engineering communications construction         3,374,575         1.3         3	Leasing of vehicles	10,806,742	4.2	8,211,565	3.5
Wholesale operations – other machines and equipment         4,692,136         1.8         4,597,260         2.0           Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,223,824         1.6         3,660,312         1.6           Growing annual crops         4,112,085         1.6         3,373,032         1.5           Preparation of construction site         4,103,316         1.6         3,937,406         1.7           Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,445         1.4           Other specialised construction works         3,543,844         1.4         3,666,738         1.6           Engineering communications construction         3,386,547         1.3         3,115,819         1.3           Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods         3,374,575         1.3	Construction of roads and railways	7,944,095	3.1	6,789,876	2.9
equipment 4,692,136 1.8 4,597,260 2.0 Waste collection 4,492,452 1.7 4,173,573 1.8 Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories 4,348,137 1.7 3,476,229 1.5 Wholesale operations – foods and beverages 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works 4,229,634 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Leasing of other machines and equipment 4,223,824 1.6 3,660,312 1.6 Growing annual crops 4,112,085 1.6 3,373,032 1.5 Preparation of construction site 4,103,316 1.6 3,937,406 1.7 Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster 3,589,980 1.4 3,305,445 1.4 Other specialised construction works 3,543,844 1.4 3,666,738 1.6 Engineering communications construction 3,386,547 1.3 2,882,759 1.2 Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods 3,374,575 1.3 3,115,819 1.3 Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals 2,516,153 1.0 2,322,793 1.0 Maintenance and repair of vehicles 2,313,175 0.9 1,832,573 0.8 Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9 Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8 Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9 Other industries 56,341,144 21.6 50,105,508 21.7 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	Wholesale operations – unspecialised	5,605,780	2.2	4,887,740	2.1
Waste collection         4,492,452         1.7         4,173,573         1.8           Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories         4,348,137         1.7         3,476,229         1.5           Wholesale operations – foods and beverages         4,278,542         1.6         3,778,834         1.6           Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Leasing of other machines and equipment         4,229,634         1.6         3,680,583         1.6           Growing annual crops         4,112,085         1.6         3,373,032         1.5           Preparation of construction site         4,103,316         1.6         3,937,406         1.7           Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster         3,589,980         1.4         3,305,445         1.4           Other specialised construction works         3,543,844         1.4         3,666,738         1.6           Engineering communications construction         3,386,547         1.3         2,882,759         1.2           Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods         3,374,575         1.3         3,115,819         1.3           Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals         2,516,153         <	•				
Trade of motor vehicle parts and accessories Wholesale operations – foods and beverages 4,278,542 1.6 3,778,834 1.6 Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works 4,229,634 1.6 3,680,583 1.6 Leasing of other machines and equipment 4,223,824 1.6 3,660,312 1.6 Growing annual crops 4,112,085 1.6 3,373,032 1.5 Preparation of construction site 4,103,316 1.6 3,937,406 1.7 Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster 3,589,980 1.4 3,305,445 1.4 Other specialised construction works 3,543,844 1.4 3,666,738 1.6 Engineering communications construction 3,386,547 1.3 2,882,759 1.2 Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods 3,374,575 1.3 3,115,819 1.3 Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals 2,516,153 1.0 2,322,793 1.0 Maintenance and repair of vehicles 2,313,175 0.9 1,832,573 0.8 Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9 Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8 Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9 Other industries 56,341,144 21.6 50,105,508 21.7 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	equipment	4,692,136	1.8	4,597,260	2.0
Wholesale operations – foods and beverages       4,278,542       1.6       3,778,834       1.6         Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works       4,229,634       1.6       3,680,583       1.6         Leasing of other machines and equipment Growing annual crops       4,122,824       1.6       3,660,312       1.6         Growing annual crops       4,112,085       1.6       3,373,032       1.5         Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904		4,492,452	1.7	4,173,573	1.8
Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and other construction and installation works       4,229,634       1.6       3,680,583       1.6         Leasing of other machines and equipment       4,223,824       1.6       3,660,312       1.6         Growing annual crops       4,112,085       1.6       3,373,032       1.5         Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,		4,348,137	1.7	3,476,229	1.5
other construction and installation works       4,229,634       1.6       3,680,583       1.6         Leasing of other machines and equipment       4,223,824       1.6       3,660,312       1.6         Growing annual crops       4,112,085       1.6       3,373,032       1.5         Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8		4,278,542	1.6	3,778,834	1.6
Leasing of other machines and equipment       4,223,824       1.6       3,660,312       1.6         Growing annual crops       4,112,085       1.6       3,373,032       1.5         Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other in	Manufacture of electrical, plumbing and				
Growing annual crops       4,112,085       1.6       3,373,032       1.5         Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases an	other construction and installation works	4,229,634	1.6	3,680,583	1.6
Preparation of construction site       4,103,316       1.6       3,937,406       1.7         Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,253,241       100,000       231,420,755       100,000		4,223,824	1.6	3,660,312	1.6
Manufacture of products from concrete, cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,000       201,430,705       100,000		4,112,085	1.6	3,373,032	1.5
cement and plaster       3,589,980       1.4       3,305,445       1.4         Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,000       231,430,705       100,000		4,103,316	1.6	3,937,406	1.7
Other specialised construction works       3,543,844       1.4       3,666,738       1.6         Engineering communications construction       3,386,547       1.3       2,882,759       1.2         Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,0       201,430,705       100,0					
Engineering communications construction Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods  Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals  Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas  Vehicles trading  Other industries  Engineering communications construction  3,386,547  1.3  2,882,759  1.3  3,115,819  1.3  Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals  2,516,153  1.0  2,322,793  1.0  2,322,793  1.0  2,322,793  0.8  2,102,089  0.9  0.9  1,832,573  0.8  2,102,089  0.9  0.9  1,987,456  0.8  1,953,021  0.8  Vehicles trading  1,731,559  0,7  1,993,838  0.9  Other industries  56,341,144  21.6  50,105,508  21.7		3,589,980	1.4	3,305,445	1.4
Wholesale operations – non-food consumer goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,00       201,430,705       100,00		3,543,844	1.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
goods       3,374,575       1.3       3,115,819       1.3         Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       350,250,731       100,00       331,430,705       100,00		3,386,547	1.3	2,882,759	1.2
Wholesale operations – agricultural raw materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,0       231,430,705       100,0					
materials and live animals       2,516,153       1.0       2,322,793       1.0         Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100,0       231,430,705       100,0		3,374,575	1.3	3,115,819	1.3
Maintenance and repair of vehicles       2,313,175       0.9       1,832,573       0.8         Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas       2,008,904       0.8       2,102,089       0.9         Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       350,350,731       100.0       331,430,705       100.0	Wholesale operations – agricultural raw				
Activities in the field of architecture, engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9  Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8  Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9  Other industries 56,341,144 21.6 50,105,508 21.7  Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before		2,516,153	1.0	2,322,793	1.0
engineering research and the provision of technical advice in these areas 2,008,904 0.8 2,102,089 0.9  Renting and managing real estate 1,987,456 0.8 1,953,021 0.8  Vehicles trading 1,731,559 0.7 1,993,838 0.9  Other industries 56,341,144 21.6 50,105,508 21.7  Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	Maintenance and repair of vehicles	2,313,175	0.9	1,832,573	0.8
Renting and managing real estate       1,987,456       0.8       1,953,021       0.8         Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before       250,250,731       100.0       231,430,705       100.0					
Vehicles trading       1,731,559       0.7       1,993,838       0.9         Other industries       56,341,144       21.6       50,105,508       21.7         Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	technical advice in these areas	2,008,904	0.8	2,102,089	0.9
Other industries 56,341,144 21.6 50,105,508 21.7  Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	Renting and managing real estate	1,987,456	0.8	1,953,021	0.8
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	Vehicles trading	1,731,559	0.7	1,993,838	0.9
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before	Other industries	56,341,144	21.6	50,105,508	21.7
250 250 721 100 0 221 420 705 100 0					
allowance for expected credit losses <u>259,359,731</u> <u>100.0</u> <u>231,439,795</u> <u>100.0</u>	assets at amortised cost before				
	allowance for expected credit losses	259,359,731	100.0	231,439,795	100.0

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the Group does not have lessees, the aggregate balances of which individually exceed 10% of equity. As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 aggregate balances of top-50 lessees represent 8% of net investments in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before allowance for expected credit losses. As at 30 June 2024 aggregate balances of top lessee represents 0.5% of net investments in leases and financial assets at amortised cost before allowance for expected credit losses (31 December 2023: 0.4%).

#### 9 Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations

Assets purchased for lease operations represent assets which will be subsequently transferred to lessees. Advances to suppliers for lease operations represent payments to suppliers for assets which will be subsequently transferred to lessees.

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Assets purchased for lease operations	771,956	346,766
Advances to suppliers for lease operations	3,341,981	3,342,060
Allowance for impairment	(68,804)	(26,439)
Total advances to suppliers for lease operations	3,273,177	3,315,621
Total assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations	4,045,133	3,662,387

Movements in the allowance for impairment for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 are as follows.

	For the six months ended			
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
Allowance for impairment as at 1 January	(26,439)	(21,180)		
Increase in allowance for impairment	(43,163)	(26,822)		
Write-offs	798			
Allowance for impairment as at 30 June	(68,804)	(48,002)		

#### 10 Debtors on leasing activity

Debtors on leasing activity consist of accounts receivable on terminated lease agreements.

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Debtors on leasing activity Allowance for expected credit losses	421,848 (93,470)	293,053 (64,963)
Total debtors on leasing activity	328,378	228,090

All balances of debtors on leasing activity are allocated to Stage 3. The Stages are described in Note 23. An analysis of changes in the allowances for expected credit losses and the gross carrying amount for debtors on leasing activity for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is as follows.

	For the six m	onths ended	
30 June	2024	30 June	2023
Allowance for expected credit losses	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for expected credit losses	Gross carrying amount
(64,963)	293,053	(47,921)	229,817
(1,389,844) (88,245)	1,578,377 -	(350,752) (68,246)	469,139 -
(1,478,089)	1,578,377	(418,998)	469,139
1,449,582	(1,449,582)	409,994	(409,994)
(93,470)	421,848	(56,925)	288,962
	Allowance for expected credit losses (64,963) (1,389,844) (88,245) (1,478,089)	30 June 2024 Allowance Gross carrying credit losses amount  (64,963) 293,053  (1,389,844) 1,578,377 (88,245) -  (1,478,089) 1,578,377	Allowance for expected credit losses         Gross carrying amount         Allowance for expected credit losses           (64,963)         293,053         (47,921)           (1,389,844)         1,578,377         (350,752)           (88,245)         -         (68,246)           (1,478,089)         1,578,377         (418,998)           1,449,582         (1,449,582)         409,994

In the absence of possibility of repossession and selling a leased asset for debtors on leasing activity, the allowance for expected credit losses on debtors on leasing activity as at 30 June 2024 would be higher by RUB 156,686 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 127,314 thousand).

Total

(in thousands of Russian roubles, unless otherwise stated)

#### 11 Property and equipment and right-of-use assets

The movements in property and equipment and right-of-use assets for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 were as follows:

	Assats	oward by the C	50110		Total
	Cars leased out	owned by the G	гоир	_ Right-of-use	property and equipment and
	under operating	Computer		assets (rent of	right-of-use
	lease	equipment	Other	offices)	assets
Cost		счени		0///000/	033013
1 January 2023	1,858,472	654,425	494,088	2,194,885	5,201,870
Additions	768,273	93,640	25,740	-	887,653
Disposals	(170,015)	(870)	(25,401)	_	(196,286)
Recognition/reassessment	-	-	_	28,017	28,017
30 June 2023	2,456,730	747,195	494,427	2,222,902	5,921,254
1 January 2024	2,764,346	775,299	492,947	2,162,633	6,195,225
Additions	583,279	161,165	109,473	_	853,917
Disposals	(186,026)	(4,772)	(12,376)	(8,504)	(211,678)
Recognition/reassessment	_	-	_	77,496	77,496
30 June 2024	3,161,599	931,692	590,044	2,231,625	6,914,960
Accumulated depreciation					
1 January 2023	(160,240)	(408,872)	(319,169)	(981,777)	(1,870,058)
Depreciation charge	(84,518)	(45,706)	(26,901)	(134,144)	(291,269)
Disposals	45,009	753	20,332		66,094
30 June 2023	(199,749)	(453,825)	(325,738)	(1,115,921)	(2,095,233)
1 January 2024	(291,899)	(494,089)	(335,695)	(1,248,305)	(2,369,988)
Depreciation charge	(124,948)	(55,273)	(25,585)	(131,037)	(336,843)
Disposals	51,700	4,435	11,818	8,504	76,457
30 June 2024	(365,147)	(544,927)	(349,462)	(1,370,838)	(2,630,374)
Carrying amount					
1 January 2023	1,698,232	245,553	174,919	1,213,108	3,331,812
31 December 2023	2,472,447	281,210	157,252	914,328	3,825,237
30 June 2024	2,796,452	386,765	240,582	860,787	4,284,586

Analysis of undiscounted lease payments (excluding VAT) receivable under operating lease agreements, where the Group acts as a lessor, by maturity as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 is as follows.

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Due in 1 year	962,020	796,287
Due between 1 and 2 years	760,256	688,269
Due between 2 and 3 years	420,969	395,378
Due between 3 and 4 years	148,349	117,686
Due between 4 and 5 years	69,072	66,392
Total undiscounted lease payments receivable	2,360,666	2,064,012

#### 12 Other assets

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Other financial assets		
Insurance premium, organising the provision of		
automotive services and VAT receivables	4,395,003	3,228,632
Settlements with counterparties	240,646	153,932
Insurance agency fee receivable	69,241	31,486
Other	82,923	141,989
Less allowance for expected credit losses	(90,761)	(75,211)
Total other financial assets	4,697,052	3,480,828
Other non-financial assets		
Intangible assets	809,586	704,411
Advance payments to counterparties	555,855	571,293
Prepaid taxes	191,915	208,415
Deferred expenses	113,831	81,399
Prepaid insurance cost	79,960	72,784
Other	111,750	46,068
Total other non-financial assets	1,862,897	1,684,370
Total other assets	6,559,949	5,165,198

As at 30 June 2024 insurance premium, organising the provision of automotive services and VAT receivables are classified as Stage 1 in the amount of RUB 3,494,112 thousand, as Stage 2 in the amount of RUB 729,698 thousand and as Stage 3 in the amount of RUB 171,193 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 2,728,279 thousand, RUB 420,752 thousand and RUB 79,601 thousand, respectively). The Stages are described in Note 23. An analysis of changes in the allowances for expected credit losses for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 is as follows:

	FOR THE SIX H	For the SIX months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
Allowance for expected credit losses as at 1 January	(75,211)	(53,879)		
Increase in allowance for expected credit losses	(18,450)	(7,372)		
Write-offs	2,900	2,328		
Allowance for expected credit losses as at 30 June	(90,761)	(58,923)		

The movements in intangible assets for the six months ended 30 June 2024 и 30 June 2023 were as follows:

	For the six n	For the six months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
Cost				
1 January	1,102,341	673,160		
Additions	184,661	136,981		
Disposals	(133,471)	_		
30 June	1,153,531	810,141		
Accumulated depreciation				
1 January	(397,930)	(270,113)		
Depreciation charge	(79,486)	(52,919)		
Disposals	133,471	-		
30 June	(343,945)	(323,032)		
Carrying amount				
1 January	704,411	403,047		
30 June	809,586	487,109		

#### 13 Borrowings

As at 30 June 2024 borrowings in the amount of RUB 188,830,196 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 155,179,354 thousand) are loans attracted in Russian roubles from banks registered on the territory of the Russian Federation.

As at 30 June 2024 the Group has six counterparties (31 December 2023: seven counterparties), the aggregate amount of borrowings from which individually exceed 10% of equity. The gross value of these borrowings as at 30 June 2024 is RUB 177,448,030 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 150,391,309 thousand).

As at 30 June 2024 net investment in leases before allowance for expected credit losses in the amount of RUB 100,914,392 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 81,900,781 thousand) were pledged as collateral for borrowings amounting to RUB 107,177,790 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 99,398,765 thousand).

#### 14 Bonds issued

Bonds issued comprise the following:

	Date of		Offer	Interest rate as at 30 June	Interest rate as at 31 December	30 June	31 December
	placement	Maturity	date	2024	2023	2024	2023
Series BO-03	Oct 2019	Sep 2029	Oct 2024	10.00%	10.00%	1,185,761	1,185,126
Series BO-05	Feb 2019	Feb 2029	Feb 2025	7.70%	7.70%	3,067,891	3,067,489
Series BO-06	May 2019	May 2029	Nov 2024	10.25%	10.25%	772,395	770,702
Series BO-07	Oct 2016	Sep 2026	Oct 2024	8.80%	8.80%	2,051,967	2,047,118
Series BO-08	Jul 2018	Jun 2028	Jun 2025	10.35%	10.35%	124,666	124,092
Series 001R-01	Feb 2021	Aug 2024	_	7.10%	7.10%	3,102,119	9,304,567
Series 001R-02	May 2021	May 2024	-	-	7.80%	-	2,468,052
Series 001R-03	Aug 2021	Aug 2031	Feb 2025	8.55%	8.55%	7,120,054	7,119,483
Series 001R-04	Sep 2021	Mar 2025	-	8.80%	8.80%	2,094,921	3,491,507
Series 001R-05	Aug 2022	Aug 2025	-	10.50%	10.50%	5,539,763	5,535,085
Series 001R-06	Jun 2023	Jun 2025	-	10.25%	10.25%	11,988,193	11,973,668
Total bonds issued						37,047,730	47,086,889

Bonds issued have put options providing bondholders with a right at their discretion to force repayment of principal amount of bond by the Group ahead of schedule at specified offer dates in 2024-2025. Bonds issued also may be repaid ahead of schedule by agreement with the bondholders (Note 23).

#### 15 Other liabilities

Other liabilities comprise the following:

	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Other financial liabilities		
Settlements with counterparties	985,041	669,110
Settlements with insurance companies	809,330	738,386
Settlements with employees	328,469	-
Accrued expenses	8,144	21,464
Total other financial liabilities	2,130,984	1,428,960
Other non-financial liabilities		
Provision for deferred remuneration to employees	2,479,211	3,165,761
Provision for possible legal claims payments	316,292	281,369
Taxes payable other than income tax	224,304	122,824
Deferred income	12,362	52,748
Other	196,357	206,137
Total other non-financial liabilities	3,228,526	3,828,839
Total other liabilities	5,359,510	5,257,799

#### 15 Other liabilities (continued)

Movements in the provision for deferred remuneration to employees for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	For the SIX months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Provision for deferred remuneration to employees as at 1 January	3,165,761	2,144,545	
Increase in provision for deferred remuneration to employees	1,605,027	1,236,872	
Payments	(2,291,577)	(1,795,775)	
Provision for deferred remuneration to employees as at 30 June	2,479,211	1,585,642	

Movements in the provision for possible legal claims payments for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	For the six months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Provision for possible legal claims payments as at 1 January	281,369	245,340	
Increase in provision for possible legal claims payments	304,281	216,590	
Payments	(269,358)	(195,014)	
Provision for possible legal claims payments as at 30 June	316,292	266,916	

#### 16 Share capital

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the issued share capital of PJSC "LC "Europlan" in the amount of RUB 120,000 thousand comprises 120,000,000 ordinary shares with nominal value of RUB 1 each.

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

For the six months ended		For the three months ended	
30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
8,775,531	7,005,146	4,377,728	3,699,790
120,000,000	120,000,000	120,000,000	120,000,000
73.13	58.38	36.48	30.84
	<b>30 June 2024</b> <b>8,775,531</b> 120,000,000	30 June 2024 30 June 2023 8,775,531 7,005,146 120,000,000 120,000,000	30 June 2024       30 June 2023       30 June 2024         8,775,531       7,005,146       4,377,728         120,000,000       120,000,000       120,000,000

During the six months ended 30 June 2024 dividends in the amount of RUB 3,000,000 thousand (25 Russian roubles per share) were declared and paid by the Group to the shareholders based on the results for the year 2023. During the six months ended 30 June 2023 dividends in the amount of RUB 2,000,400 thousand (16.67 Russian roubles per share) were declared and paid by the Group to the shareholder based on the results for the year 2022.

#### 17 Interest expense

Interest expense is as follows:

	For the six n	nonths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Borrowings	(11,040,372)	(5,492,713)	(5,987,215)	(2,919,033)	
Bonds issued	(1,939,544)	(1,922,847)	(922,692)	(951,170)	
Lease liabilities	(75,725)	(73,361)	(37,112)	(36,339)	
Other liabilities	(91)	(973)		(393)	
Total interest expense	(13,055,732)	(7,489,894)	(6,947,019)	(3,906,935)	

### 18 Net income from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements, other non-interest income and non-interest expense

Net income from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements is as follows:

_	For the six m	onths ended	For the three months ended	
	30 June 2024 30 June 2023		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Price of realisation, including transfer to				
a second-lease	5,462,527	4,129,910	3,012,540	2,042,558
Book value	(5,109,282)	(3,468,881)	(2,708,961)	(1,733,950)
Net income from realisation of property on terminated lease agreements	353,245	661,029	303,579	308,608

Other non-interest income is as follows:

	For the six m	nonths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Revenues from operating lease Compensation for discounts provided to	513,571	353,963	269,924	189,201	
lessees	10,643	39,258	4,672	17,451	
Net foreign exchange gain	51	759		225	
Total other non-interest income	524,265	393,980	274,596	206,877	

Non-interest expense is as follows:

	For the six m	nonths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Impairment of leased objects returned	(271,091)	(117,501)	(212,075)	(57,558)	
Expenses on leased objects returned	(126,666)	(81,460)	(65,897)	(40,730)	
Depreciation of assets under operating lease Expenses related to objects leased out under	(124,948)	(84,518)	(64,217)	(50,204)	
operating lease	(120,582)	(95,651)	(60,604)	(48,736)	
Other expenses	(171,879)	(106,041)	(84,396)	(57,192)	
Total non-interest expense	(815,166)	(485,171)	(487,189)	(254,420)	

#### 19 Changes in allowance for expected credit losses and other allowance for losses

Changes in allowance for expected credit losses and other allowance for losses are as follows:

	For the six months ended		For the three	months ended
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on leasing assets				
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost – increase in allowance for				
expected credit losses, net Debtors on leasing activity – increase in	(850,398)	(280,002)	(831,042)	(186,129)
allowance for expected credit losses, net	(1,478,089)	(418,998)	(924,671)	(264,424)
Total changes in allowance for expected credit losses on leasing assets	(2,328,487)	(699,000)	(1,755,713)	(450,553)
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on other assets				
Cash and cash equivalents – decrease (increase) in allowance for expected credit				
losses, net	4,645	(3,248)	(3,158)	(7,272)
Other assets – increase in allowance for expected credit losses, net	(18,450)	(7,372)	(18,158)	(4,144)
Total changes in allowance for expected credit losses on other assets	(13,805)	(10,620)	(21,316)	(11,416)
Changes in allowance for other losses Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations – (increase) decrease in				
allowance for impairment, net Legal claims provision – increase in allowance,	(43,163)	(26,822)	12,248	4,215
net	(304,281)	(216,590)	(180,275)	(136,002)
Total changes in allowance for other losses	(347,444)	(243,412)	(168,027)	(131,787)
Total changes in allowance for expected credit losses and other losses	(2,689,736)	(953,032)	(1,945,056)	(593,756)

#### 20 Staff expenses

Staff expenses are as follows:

	For the six m	nonths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Employee compensation	(3,286,282)	(2,744,691)	(1,659,019)	(1,392,880)	
Payroll related taxes	(809,895)	(609,828)	(431,945)	(303,229)	
Other staff expenses	(101,356)	(79,488)	(39,934)	(34,620)	
Total staff expenses	(4,197,533)	(3,434,007)	(2,130,898)	(1,730,729)	

#### 21 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses are as follows:

	For the six m	onths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Advertisement and marketing General business expenses and other	(416,972)	(262,274)	(212,727)	(138,052)	
administrative expenses	(248,876)	(187,933)	(122,130)	(83,185)	
Depreciation of property and equipment and					
right-of-use assets	(211,895)	(206,751)	(110,092)	(104,159)	
Depreciation of intangible assets	(79,486)	(52,919)	(49,550)	(28,772)	
Short-term leases	(55,243)	(42,530)	(28,521)	(21,376)	
Professional services	(49,463)	(14,447)	(15,516)	(7,730)	
Office maintenance	(36,845)	(36,036)	(17,152)	(19,158)	
Communication	(17,720)	(16,088)	(9,101)	(7,887)	
Other	(724)	(753)	(572)	(361)	
Total general and administrative expenses	(1,117,224)	(819,731)	(565,361)	(410,680)	

#### 22 Income tax

Income tax expense recorded in profit or loss for the period comprises the following:

	For the six m	onths ended	For the three months ended		
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	
Current tax charge	(629,582)	(522,595)	(343,495)	(267,916)	
Deferred tax charge	(1,573,358)	(1,215,706)	(743,246)	(604,535)	
Total income tax expense	(2,202,940)	(1,738,301)	(1,086,741)	(872,451)	

Differences between IFRS and statutory taxation regulations give rise to temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes. The tax effect of the movements in these temporary differences is detailed below and is recorded at the rate of 20%.

			Recognised in	
_	1 January 2024	Recognised in profit or loss	other compre- hensive income	30 June 2024
Other assets	75,162	18,945	_	94,107
Lease liabilities	218,472	(5,930)	-	212,542
Other liabilities	724,540	(118,106)	-	606,434
Deferred income tax asset	1,018,174	(105,091)		913,083
Derivative financial instruments Net investment in leases and financial assets	(432,258)	4,393	(198,740)	(626,605)
at amortised cost	(6,209,809)	(1,475,209)	-	(7,685,018)
Property and equipment and right-of-use assets	(195,453)	(102,117)	-	(297,570)
Leased objects returned	(528,557)	70,994	-	(457,563)
Borrowings and bonds issued	(42,174)	33,672	-	(8,502)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(7,408,251)	(1,468,267)	(198,740)	(9,075,258)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(6,390,077)	(1,573,358)	(198,740)	(8,162,175)

#### 22 Income tax (continued)

			Recognised in	
	1 January 2023	Recognised in profit or loss	other compre- hensive income	30 June 2023
Derivative financial instruments	57,153	_	(57,153)	_
Other assets	87,017	33,329	-	120,346
Lease liabilities	265,727	(14,780)	-	250,947
Other liabilities	508,439	(86,868)	_	421,571
Deferred income tax asset	918,336	(68,319)	(57,153)	792,864
Derivative financial instruments Net investment in leases and financial assets	-	1,121	(3,447)	(2,326)
at amortised cost	(3,339,875)	(1,103,476)	_	(4,443,351)
Property and equipment and right-of-use assets	(267,390)	22,263	-	(245,127)
Leased objects returned	(505,536)	(59,063)	-	(564,599)
Borrowings and bonds issued	(42,921)	(8,231)	-	(51,152)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(4,155,722)	(1,147,386)	(3,447)	(5,306,555)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(3,237,386)	(1,215,705)	(60,600)	(4,513,691)

As at 30 June 2024 the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised, is RUB 7,023,666 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 6,923,827 thousand).

#### 23 Financial risk management

The risk management function within the Group is carried out in respect of financial risks (credit, market, and liquidity risks), operational risks and legal risks. Financial risk comprises market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks), credit risk and liquidity risk. The primary objectives of the financial risk management function are to establish risk limits, and then ensure that exposure to risks stays within these limits. The operational and legal risk management functions are intended to ensure proper functioning of internal policies and procedures to minimise operational and legal risks.

#### Risk management structure

Risk management functions are implemented at all corporate governance levels and are allocated as follows.

The Management board ensures the implementation of strategy, approves the risk management policy, allocates the risk management functions between the governance bodies and business units of the Group and controls their performance. The responsibilities of the Management board include the approval of total risk limits by type of risk and type of business. The Management board reviews risk level reports on a regular basis and reallocates the risk limits where necessary.

Risk Management Department is responsible for:

- Consideration and structuring of applications for new leasing limits, supporting of applications approval by the Executive committee;
- Preparing internal documents on the risk management procedures, including the identification, evaluation and control of risks;
- Independent analyses and evaluation of all types of risk to which the Group is exposed, including risks associated with its lease portfolio;
- Determining categories of credit risks;
- Independent monitoring of the financial and business position of clients (corporate customers and customers with increase in risk);
- Evaluating and monitoring of assets leased out (collateral).

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Risk management structure (continued)

The Credit Committee is responsible for:

- Review and approval of limits for corporate finance contracts;
- Determination and approval of the terms of leasing products;
- Determination of categories of credit risks.

The Treasury Department is responsible for management of foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The Portfolio Assets Department is responsible for notification of the customers about overdue lease payments (early collection) and monitoring the repayment of overdue net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost.

Used Vehicles Sales Department is responsible for sale of assets.

#### Risk management strategy

The risk management strategy is approved by the Company's Management board and Board of directors. The objective of this strategy is to define standards for the composition of the leasing portfolio with regard to the exposure to certain industries and to define specific underwriting criteria, in particular with regard to the structure of risk limits and assets leased out (collateral).

The decision whether or not to conclude a leasing contract with small and medium businesses depends primarily on the lessee's credit quality as reflected by the credit rating assigned under the internal rating system and leasing object provided in the transaction. In assigning such a rating, the Group considers factors such as the customer's financial position, the market in which the customer operates, the marketability of the customer's products and the customer's management system.

The Group applied the following approach to collateralised assets:

- The Group is the owner of the leased property;
- The Group funds liquid and highly liquid property (illiquid assets are not funded);
- Generally the lessee is required to make a down payment in the lease transaction.

Additional collateral may be presented by:

- Corporate quarantee/surety;
- Personal guarantee of an owner/director.

There are procedures in place that help to determine acceptability and the amount of collateral depending on the type of transaction, and the procedures of monitoring of the fair value of the collateral, which include the request of additional collateral in case of impairment of the current collateral. In order to mitigate the risks, the Group requires insurance of the leased asset.

#### Lease approval policies and procedures

A basic feature of the lease application process is a clear segregation of duties between business origination and risk management activities. Risk assessments are performed by the business origination and the risk management units.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Lease approval policies and procedures (continued)

The rating groups for credit quality analysis depends on the client's financial performance, the liquidity of the leased property, the client's downpayment in the lease transaction and the availability of additional collateral. The subsequent support and monitoring of the lease transactions are carried out by client managers, managers of the payment control department, monitoring experts (debt servicing monitoring), credit experts (financial performance monitoring) and property risk assessment managers (leased assets monitoring).

#### Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Exposure to credit risk arises as a result of the Group's lending and other transactions with counterparties giving rise to financial assets.

The Group structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to one lessee, or groups of related lessees. Such risks are monitored on a revolving basis and subject to an annual or more frequent review.

#### **Impairment**

The Group has been recording the allowance for expected credit losses for all net investment in leases and other debt financial assets not held at FVPL, together with loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

The allowance for expected credit losses is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the remaining life of the financial asset (the lifetime expected credit loss or LTECL), if there has been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise the allowance for expected credit losses is based on credit loss expected to rise over the next 12 months after the reporting date (12mECL). Both LTECL and 12mECL are calculated on either an individual basis or a collective basis, depending on the nature of the underlying portfolio of financial instruments.

The Group has adopted a policy to perform an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument. Based on the above process, the Group combines its financial assets into Stage 1, Stage 2, Stage 3, as described below:

- Stage 1: When financial assets (including net investment in leases and debtors on leasing activity) are first recognised, the Group recognises an allowance in the amount of 12mECL. Stage 1 financial assets also include facilities where the credit risk has decreased to such degree that the financial asset were transferred from Stage 2 or 3 to Stage 1.
- Stage 2: When a financial asset has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group recognises an allowance in the amount of the LTECL. Stage 2 financial assets also include facilities, where the credit risk has decreased to such degree that the financial asset were transferred from Stage 3.
- Stage 3: Financial assets are considered credit-impaired. The Group recognises an allowance in the amount of the LTECL.

The Group considers a financial instrument defaulted and therefore recognises it as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for an estimate of ECL in all cases when the counterparty becomes 90 days past due on its contractual payments for at least one of the transactions with the Group, or there are other indicators of impairment. For example, financial instruments will be assigned to Stage 3 if the Group unilaterally terminates at its initiative one or more transactions with a counterparty irrespective of the period of overdue. Financial instruments with iden signs of counterparty fraud are also recognised as Stage 3.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

The Group calculates ECL on a collective basis for all other classes of financial assets which it groups into homogeneous portfolios, based on a combination of internal and external characteristics of the assets.

The key elements of the ECL calculations are outlined below:

- PD Is an estimate of the probability of default over a given time interval and is determined based on the risk-segment and days overdue. Values of ECL are determined based on internal statistics using migration matrices (Markov Chains). Current and expected changes in the macroeconomic environment are used as forecast information. A default may happen over the assessed period, if the financial asset has not been previously derecognised and still exists in the portfolio.
- EAD The amount of assets at risk (EAD) is an estimate of the exposure at default. From the year 2024 the Group estimates EAD at each payment date, until the year 2024 as outstanding net investment in leases balance at the reporting date.
- LGD Is the losses arising in the case default occurs. LGD is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the Group receives and would expect to receive discounted using effective interest rate, taking into account experience on the asset realisation. The values of LGD are determined using models developed on the basis of internal statistics.

The Group calculates the ECLs on the basis of three macroeconomic scenarios (a base case, an upside and a downside), weighted by probability. Each scenario is assigned by a weight based on a combination of statistical analysis and expert judgment regarding the range of possible outcomes represented by the scenarios. Current data and expected changes in macroeconomic variables are used as forecast information. In its ECL macroeconomic model, the Group relies on information of the Ministry of Economic Development of the Russian Federation, the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and consensus forecasts of the largest financial institutions as economic inputs.

From the year 2024 the Group made changes to models used for ECL calculations in order to more reliably measure ECL (Note 8):

- Transition to estimating EAD on each payment date. Previously, the Group estimated EAD as outstanding net investment in leases balance at the reporting date.
- ► Transition to applying PD corresponding to its payment. For Stage 1, PD for not more than 12 months is used. Previously, PD for 12 months or average life of finance lease agreements was used.
- ▶ Transition from assessing credit risk for lessees to assessing credit risk for finance lease agreements.

Movements in the allowance for expected credit losses for net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost by Stages are disclosed in Note 8.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The liquidity is managed on a continuous basis and is designed to establish and maintain a diversified funding base. Liquidity risk is managed by the Treasury Department.

The Treasury Department performs day-to-day management of liquidity risk designed to maintain current and medium-term liquidity. Key management tools include the daily and long-term cash-flows planning, liquidity gap analysis, unused credit lines (overdrafts) and establishing portfolios of liquid assets.

The Group has a significant liquidity surplus, as cumulative liquidity position is positive at all maturities.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2024 is as follows:

	Demand and less than	From 1 to	From 6 to	From 12 months to	Over 5 years / not stated	
	less than 1 month	6 months	12 months	5 years	not stated maturity	Total
Assets	2 111011111	O monens	12 months	5 years	motority	70101
Cash and cash equivalents	12,088,197	_	_	_	_	12,088,197
Derivative financial						, ,
instruments	210,279	1,555,415	1,039,826	384,327	_	3,189,847
Net investment in leases				·		
and financial assets at						
amortised cost	12,199,111	42,650,601	45,118,496	155,984,701	781,339	256,734,248
Assets purchased and						
advances to suppliers						
for lease operations	3,355,067	690,066	-	-	-	4,045,133
Debtors on leasing activity	-	328,378	-	-	-	328,378
Current income tax						
prepayment	73,398	-	-	_	-	73,398
VAT recoverable	2,193,954	-	-	-	-	2,193,954
Property and equipment					4 20 4 50 6	4 204 506
and right-of-use assets	1 011 400	E 0E7 044	-	_	4,284,586	4,284,586 6,068,453
Leased objects returned	1,011,409 973,335	5,057,044 1,717,460	- 751,279	2,299,530	- 818,345	6,559,949
Other assets						
Total assets	32,104,750	51,998,964	46,909,601	158,668,558	5,884,270	295,566,143
Liabilities						
Derivative financial						
instruments	(790)	(28,788)	(26,367)	112,767	-	56,822
Advances received from						
lessees	2,949,563	369,345	-	-	-	3,318,908
Borrowings	7,293,299	34,202,379	34,125,808	113,208,710	-	188,830,196
Bonds issued	-	8,285,565	20,546,901	4,186,363	4,028,901	37,047,730
Lease liabilities	19,453	100,813	120,792	817,008	4,644	1,062,710
Current income tax payable	85,109	-	-	_	-	85,109
VAT payable	128,997	257,993	-	-	-	386,990
Deferred income tax liabilities					0 162 175	0 162 175
	- 2,674,652	- 1,235,654	591,677	- 857,489	8,162,175 38	8,162,175 5,359,510
Other liabilities						
Total liabilities	13,150,283	44,422,961	55,358,811	119,182,337	12,195,758	244,310,150
Net position	18,954,467	7,576,003	(8,449,210)	39,486,221	(6,311,488)	51,255,993
Cumulative liquidity position	18,954,467	26,530,470	18,081,260	57,567,481	51,255,993	

As at 30 June 2024 bonds issued totalling RUB 4,028,901 thousand with maturity over 5 years can be repaid by the Group earlier at the specified put option exercise dates in the amount of RUB 577,996 thousand in the period from 1 to 6 months and in the amount of RUB 3,450,905 thousand in the period from 6 to 12 months. As at 30 June 2024 bonds issued totalling RUB 2,814,056 thousand with maturity from 12 months to 5 years can be repaid by the Group earlier at the specified put option exercise dates in the amount of RUB 1,258,806 thousand in the period from 1 to 6 months and in the amount of RUB 1,555,250 thousand in the period from 6 to 12 months. As at 30 June 2024 bonds issued totalling RUB 127,277 thousand with maturity from 6 to 12 months can be repaid by the Group earlier at the specified put option exercise dates in the period from 1 to 6 months.

As at 30 June 2024 the unused limits on uncommitted credit lines open to the Group amounted to RUB 54,688,049 thousand, the limits are valid up to a period from 1 month to over 5 years.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2023 is as follows:

Assets Cash and cash equivalents 11,561,804 11,56 Derivative financial instruments 210,620 1,172,913 509,064 270,279 - 2,16 Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost 9,314,416 38,419,004 41,205,024 139,878,604 843,766 229,66 Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 3,666	1,804 2,876 0,814 2,387 8,090
Derivative financial instruments 210,620 1,172,913 509,064 270,279 – <b>2,16</b> Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost 9,314,416 38,419,004 41,205,024 139,878,604 843,766 <b>229,66</b> Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 – – – 3,666	2,876 0,814 2,387
instruments 210,620 1,172,913 509,064 270,279 – <b>2,16</b> Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost 9,314,416 38,419,004 41,205,024 139,878,604 843,766 <b>229,66</b> Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 – – – <b>3,66</b>	0,814 2,387
Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost 9,314,416 38,419,004 41,205,024 139,878,604 843,766 <b>229,66</b> Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 <b>3,66</b>	0,814 2,387
and financial assets at amortised cost 9,314,416 38,419,004 41,205,024 139,878,604 843,766 <b>229,66</b> Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 <b>3,66</b>	2,387
Assets purchased and advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 – – 3,66	2,387
advances to suppliers for lease operations 3,067,277 595,110 – – <b>3,66</b>	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	8,090
Debtors on leasing activity - 228,090 <b>22</b>	
Current income tax	
L - L - 2	3,144
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -	7,240
Property and equipment	
<b>,</b>	5,237
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,472
	5,198
Total assets <u>28,842,983</u> <u>46,166,919</u> <u>42,349,410</u> <u>141,966,512</u> <u>5,380,438</u> <u>264,70</u>	5,262
Liabilities	
Derivative financial	
instruments (966) 58 2,499	1,591
Advances received from	
	4,255
Borrowings 3,947,069 26,565,540 35,355,205 89,311,540 - <b>155,17</b>	
	6,889
	2,361
Current income tax payable 493 – – – –	493
F-7	7,943
Deferred income tax  liabilities 6.390.077 <b>6.39</b>	0 077
	0,077 7,799
other hobitates	
Total liabilities 9,206,241 40,097,682 44,201,570 114,471,346 12,043,923 220,02	J,/02
Net position 19,636,742 6,069,237 (1,852,160) 27,495,166 (6,663,485) 44,68	5.500
Cumulative liquidity position 19,636,742 25,705,979 23,853,819 51,348,985 44,685,500	=

As at 31 December 2023 bonds issued totalling RUB 5,648,120 thousand with maturity over 5 years can be repaid by the Group earlier at the specified put option exercise dates in the amount of RUB 704,682 thousand in the period from 6 to 12 months and in the amount of RUB 4,943,438 thousand in the period from 12 months to 5 years. As at 31 December 2023 bonds issued totalling RUB 1,255,830 thousand with maturity from 12 months to 5 years can be repaid by the Group earlier at the specified put option exercise dates in the period from 6 to 12 months.

As at 31 December 2023 the unused limits on uncommitted credit lines open to the Group amounted to RUB 35,139,310 thousand, the limits are valid up to a period from 6 months to over 5 years.

The table below shows financial liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 by their remaining contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the maturity table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Such undiscounted cash flows differ from the amount included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position because the amount in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position is based on discounted cash flows.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

When the amount payable is not fixed, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency payments are translated using the current exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

The undiscounted maturity analysis of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2024 is as follows:

	Demand and			From		
	less than	From 1 to	From 6 to	12 months	Over	
	1 month	6 months	12 months	to 5 years	5 years	Total
Derivative financial						
instruments	(804)	(30,598)	(30,197)	164,514	_	102,915
Borrowings	8,745,715	45,447,002	44,908,750	133,344,518	_	232,445,985
Bonds issued	-	11,458,322	26,559,634	1,410,970	-	39,428,926
Lease liabilities	32,086	159,609	182,536	980,461	4,924	1,359,616
Other financial liabilities	1,678,351	449,885	2,748	_	-	2,130,984
Total potential future payments for financial liabilities	10,455,348	57,484,220	71,623,471	135,900,463	4,924	275,468,426

The undiscounted maturity analysis of financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023 is as follows:

less than					
	From 1 to	From 6 to	12 months	Over	
1 month	6 months	12 months	to 5 years	5 years	Total
(980)	103	2,826	-	_	1,949
4,992,336	35,684,859	43,656,703	102,326,535	_	186,660,433
_	11,978,703	11,458,322	27,970,604	_	51,407,629
27,667	138,741	170,409	1,102,561	6,086	1,445,464
1,105,689	323,271	-	-	_	1,428,960
5,124,712	48,125,677	55,288,260	131,399,700	6,086	240,944,435
	980) 4,992,336 - 27,667 1,105,689	1 month 6 months  (980) 103 4,992,336 35,684,859 - 11,978,703 27,667 138,741 1,105,689 323,271	1 month         6 months         12 months           (980)         103         2,826           4,992,336         35,684,859         43,656,703           -         11,978,703         11,458,322           27,667         138,741         170,409           1,105,689         323,271         -	1 month         6 months         12 months         to 5 years           (980)         103         2,826         -           4,992,336         35,684,859         43,656,703         102,326,535           -         11,978,703         11,458,322         27,970,604           27,667         138,741         170,409         1,102,561           1,105,689         323,271         -         -	1 month         6 months         12 months         to 5 years         5 years           (980)         103         2,826         -         -           4,992,336         35,684,859         43,656,703         102,326,535         -           -         11,978,703         11,458,322         27,970,604         -           27,667         138,741         170,409         1,102,561         6,086           1,105,689         323,271         -         -         -

The maturity analysis of borrowings is based on contractual repayment of tranches. The maturity analysis of bonds issued is based on specified offer dates.

#### Geographical risk

Most of assets and liabilities relate to the entities, registered in the Russian Federation. The Group is not exposed to significant geographical risks.

#### Market risk

Market risk is a risk of change in fair value of future cashflows as a result of changes in market prices of interest rates, currency rates and equity financial instruments.

The Group is not exposed to significant market risks.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is a risk of change in value of financial instrument as a result of changes in currency rates. The Group accepts the risk associated with effects of fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Group sets limits on the level of currency exposure (primarily US dollars and euro).

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the Group operates in the Russian Federation, makes settlements in Russian roubles, has no foreign currency positions in financial assets and financial liabilities and is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. Margins between finance income earned and interest expenses paid may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce or create losses in the event unexpected movements arise.

The Treasury Department focuses mainly on the management of interest rate risk arising from a mismatch of interest rate repricing dates on net investment in leases and interest-bearing financial liabilities.

In order to assess interest rate risk, the Group performs sensitivity analysis using GAP analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. For instruments with a fixed interest rate, maturities are determined by the remaining maturity of the instrument; for instruments with floating interest rates – according to the period remaining until the next revision of the interest rate. Based on the calculation of GAP in maturity buckets, the possible change in net interest income is calculated by applying stress testing for the for the period of 12 months after the reporting date.

The sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in market interest rates (with other factors unchanged) calculated for interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities as at 30 June 2024 is following:

	Impact on profit before tax, gain/(loss)	Impact on net profit and equity, gain/(loss)	
100 bps parallel rise	39,751	31,801	
100 bps parallel fall	(39,751)	(31,801)	

The sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in market interest rates (with other factors unchanged) calculated for interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023 is following:

	Impact on profit before tax, gain/(loss)	Impact on net profit and equity, gain/(loss)
100 bps parallel rise	137,726	110,181
100 bps parallel fall	(137,726)	(110,181)

The main risk, which is managed using derivative financial instruments, is an interest rate risk on floating rate financial instruments. Interest rate risk on floating rate financial instruments is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt liabilities with floating interest rates – borrowings, which are hedged by the Group using interest rate swaps (Note 7). The Group hedges an entire hedged item against the interest rate risk inherent in the hedged item.

The Group classifies floating rate debt as a hedged item and derivative financial instruments as a hedging instrument. There is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments as the terms of interest rate swap match the terms of the hedged items. The Group has established a hedge ratio of 1:1 for the hedging relationships as the underlying risk of interest rate swap are identical to the hedged risk components. To test the hedge effectiveness, the Group uses the hypothetical derivative method and compares the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments against the changes in fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risks.

#### 23 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

The hedge ineffectiveness can arise from:

- Differences in the timing of the cash flows of the hedged items and the hedging instruments;
- Different indexes (and accordingly different curves) linked to the hedged risk of the hedged items and hedging instruments;
- The counterparties' credit risk differently impacting the fair value movements of the hedging instruments and hedged items;
- ▶ Changes to the forecasted amount of cash flows of hedged items and hedging instruments (Note 7).

#### Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect losses resulting from deficiencies or errors in internal processes, actions of employees, operations of information systems and technologies, and resulting from external events. When the control system ceases to function, operational risks can damage the reputation, have legal consequences, or lead to financial losses.

The Risk Management Department is engaged in the control over operational risks. Key tasks of this department include the day-to-day control over compliance with internal regulations, control over reporting by the employees of the Group and control over reporting on the impaired / potentially impaired debt by the employees of the Group. In addition, the Department controls compliance with the obligation to insure the leased assets, documentation and filing procedures.

#### 24 Capital management

The objective when managing capital is to maintain high credit rating and capital adequacy ratio required to support its business and to maximise shareholder's value.

The Group considers total capital under management to be equity attributable to equity holders of the Group as shown in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position. Certain loan agreements establish the minimum level of capital that the Group should comply with. As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the Group was in full compliance with this contractual obligation.

The Group monitors capital adequacy ratio based on requirements of Basel Committee for Banking Supervision known as Basel III effective as at 30 June 2024. The capital adequacy ratio of the Group as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 calculated in accordance with the Basel Committee for Banking Supervision requirements is disclosed below.

	30 June	31 December
_	2024	2023
Total capital		
Tier 1 capital	47,997,708	42,327,352
Tier 2 capital	2,448,699	1,653,737
Total capital	50,446,407	43,981,089
Total risk weighted assets	241,731,556	210,045,811
Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio, %	19.9	20.2
Total capital adequacy ratio, %	20.9	20.9

#### 25 Fair value measurement

The fair values of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date without any reduction for transaction costs. If quoted market prices are not available, the fair value is estimated using valuation techniques, which include discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Given the uncertainties and the use of subjective judgment, the fair value should not be interpreted as realisable in an immediate sale of the assets or transfer of liabilities.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: inputs other than quotes prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data. Fair value of financial instruments is estimated by discounting future cash flows using external data such as interest rates currently available on financial instruments with similar conditions, credit risk and maturity.
- Level 3: inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments. Fair value of financial instruments is estimated by discounting future cash flows using internal non-observable data on the rates of placement of similar instruments.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 main financial instruments that are not carried at fair value are classified to the levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

- ▶ Cash and cash equivalents are classified in Level 1.
- Borrowings are classified in Level 2.
- Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost, Debtors on leasing activity, Other financial assets and Other financial liabilities are classified in Level 3.
- Bonds issued are classified in Level 1.

During the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 there were no transfers of main financial instruments that are not carried at fair value between the levels of fair value hierarchy.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 financial instruments that are carried at fair value are classified to the levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

▶ Derivative financial instruments are classified in Level 2. As at 30 June 2024 fair value of derivative financial instruments amounts to RUB 3,133,025 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 2,161,285 thousand).

#### 25 Fair value measurement (continued)

#### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the statement of financial position. The table does not include the fair values of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities.

	30 June 2024			31 December 2023		
	Carrying value	Fair value	Unrecognised gains/(losses)	Carrying value	Fair value	Unrecognised gains/(losses)
Financial assets						
Cash and cash						
equivalents	12,088,197	12,088,197	-	11,561,804	11,561,804	-
Net investment in leases and financial assets at						
amortised cost	256,734,248	250,589,044	(6,145,204)	229,660,814	216,487,066	(13,173,748)
Debtors on leasing						
activity	328,378	328,378	-	228,090	228,090	-
Other financial assets	4,697,052	4,697,052	-	3,480,829	3,480,829	_
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	188,830,196	186,671,573	2,158,623	155,179,354	153,220,918	1,958,436
Bonds issued	37,047,730	35,290,038	1,757,692	47,086,889	45,055,940	2,030,949
Other financial liabilities  Total unrecognised	2,130,984	2,130,984		1,428,783	1,428,783	
change in fair value			(2,228,889)			(9,184,363)

#### Valuation techniques and assumptions

The following describes the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value and for assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position.

#### Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments valued using a valuation technique with market observable inputs are interest rate swaps. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various inputs including interest rate curves.

Assets and liabilities for which fair value approximates carrying value

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are short-term it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value.

Net investment in leases and financial assets at amortised cost

Fair value of net investments in leases and financial assets at amortised cost is estimated by discounting future cash flows using internal non-observable data on the rates of placement of net investments in leases and financial assets at amortised cost.

Other financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

Fair value of borrowings is estimated by discounting future cash flows using external data currently available on financial instruments with similar conditions, credit risk and maturity.

#### 26 Contingencies and commitments

#### Legal proceedings

From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Group may be received. As at 30 June 2024 on the basis of own estimates and internal professional advice the Group has formed provision for possible legal claims payments of RUB 316,292 thousand (31 December 2023: RUB 281,369 thousand) (Note 15).

#### **Taxation**

Russian tax, currency and customs legislation as currently in effect is vaguely drafted and is subject to varying interpretations, selective and inconsistent application and changes, which can occur frequently, at short notice and may apply retrospectively. Management's interpretation of the Russian tax legislation as applied to the transactions and activity of the Group may be challenged by the relevant regional and federal authorities.

Recently, further implementation of mechanisms against tax evasion, including the use of aggressive tax planning structures, was carried out. In particular, the Russian tax legislation introduced rules that prohibit a taxpayer from reducing the tax base as a result of distortion of information about the facts of economic life and objects of taxation or as a result of transactions, the main purpose of which is non-payment (incomplete payment) of the tax amount, as well as in cases when the obligation under the transaction (operation) is fulfilled by a person who is not a party to the contract concluded with the taxpayer and (or) the person to whom the obligation to execute the transaction (operation) has been transferred under the contract or the law.

These changes, as well as recent trends in the application and interpretation of certain provisions of Russian tax legislation, indicate that in practice the tax authorities may take a more assertive position in their interpretation and application of this legislation and assessments. It is therefore possible that transactions and activities of the Group that have not been challenged in the past may be challenged at any time in the future. As a result, additional taxes, penalties and interest may be assessed by the relevant authorities.

Fiscal periods remain open and subject to review by the tax authorities of the Russian Federation for a period up to three calendar years immediately preceding the year in which the decision to conduct a tax review is taken. Under certain circumstances tax reviews may cover longer periods.

Despite the fact that, in accordance with Russian tax legislation, control over transfer pricing has been abolished for a significant part of domestic transactions, intra-group transactions can be checked by territorial tax authorities for unjustified tax benefits, and transfer pricing methods can be used to determine the amount of additional charges.

The Group's management believes that the Group fully complies with transfer pricing rules, and controlled transaction prices are consistent with market prices.

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 the Group's management believes that its interpretation of the relevant legislation is appropriate, and the Group will be able to defend its position in the event of disputes with regulatory authorities.

#### Compliance with covenants

The Group is subject to certain covenants related primarily to its borrowings. Non-compliance with such covenants may result in negative consequences for the Group including a growth in the cost of borrowings and declaration of default. The Group is in compliance with covenants as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023.

#### 27 Related party transactions

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party, is under common control, or can exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

Amounts of income and expense from related party transactions for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	For the six months ended			
	30 June 2024		30 June 2023	
	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties
Interest income				
Net investment in leases	-	742	-	274
Interest expense	(247,883)	(16,561)	(217,658)	(16,479)
Non-interest income				
Income from organising the provision of services Agency fee income from standard types of	-	299	_	96
insurance	1,141,756	-	968,864	_
Other non-interest income	774	-	599	_
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on				
leasing assets	_	9	-	(49)
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on other assets	22	_	_	_
		(1.204.000)	(27 552)	(1 1 41 022)
Staff expenses	(6,403)	(1,394,859)	(27,552)	(1,141,833)
General and administrative expenses	(135)	(18,150)	(148)	(21,057)
Non-operating income	6,663	_	4,813	_

Amounts of income and expense from related party transactions for the three months ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	For the three months ended			
	30 June	2024	30 June 2023	
	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties
Interest income				
Net investment in leases	-	359	-	165
Interest expense	(127,983)	(4,671)	(107,055)	(8,817)
Non-interest income				
Income from organising the provision of services Agency fee income from standard types of	-	43	-	20
insurance	679,436	-	589,869	_
Other non-interest income	774	-	599	-
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on leasing assets	_	3	_	(44)
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses on				
other assets	(75)	-	_	_
Staff expenses	(5,073)	(694,115)	(14,270)	(542,074)
General and administrative expenses	(135)	(8,054)	(33)	(10,401)
Non-operating income	3,623	_	2,634	-

#### 27 Related party transactions (continued)

Carrying amounts of assets and liabilities under related party transactions as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	30 June 2024		31 December 2023	
	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties	Entities under common control or significant influence of the controlling shareholder	Key management personnel and other related parties
Net investment in leases and financial assets				
at amortised cost	-	4,133	_	8,124
Other assets	55,794	_	24,638	_
Bonds issued	5,218,875	355,654	4,893,548	548,542
Other liabilities	291	2,010,334	_	1,954,455

Key management personnel and other related parties include members of the Board of Directors, the Management Board, executives and directors in key management positions, and their close relatives. The Group has the long-term incentive program for key management personnel. The Group creates the reserve for possible payments in Other liabilities. The payments depend on reaching specific key performance indicators. For the six months ended 30 June 2024 expenses on short-term and other long-term employee benefits for key management personnel amounted to RUB 284,812 thousand and RUB 1,128,197 thousand, respectively (30 June 2023: RUB 276,909 thousand and RUB 885,981 thousand, respectively).

#### 28 Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	Borrowings	Bonds issued	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
Carrying amount at 1 January 2023	94,209,259	47,442,422	1,328,635	142,980,316
Proceeds from raising	38,000,000	12,000,000	_	50,000,000
Recognition/reassessment	_	_	28,017	28,017
Redemption	(20,264,299)	(5,381,706)	(101,917)	(25,747,922)
Other	10,890	(63,685)		(52,795)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2023	111,955,850	53,997,031	1,254,735	167,207,616
Carrying amount at 1 January 2024	155,179,354	47,086,889	1,092,361	203,358,604
Proceeds from raising	63,490,128	_	_	63,490,128
Recognition/reassessment	-	_	77,496	77,496
Redemption	(29,916,759)	(9,993,156)	(107,147)	(40,017,062)
Other	77,473	(46,003)		31,470
Carrying amount at 30 June 2024	188,830,196	37,047,730	1,062,710	226,940,636

The "Other" line includes the effect of accrued but not yet paid interest on borrowings, bonds issued and lease liabilities. The Group classifies interest paid as cash flows from operating activities.

#### 29 Events after the reporting date

In July 2024 the Company increased open credit limits by the amount of RUB 2,500,000 thousand under loan agreements concluded with banks.

In August 2024 the Group obtained borrowings in the amount of RUB 6,000,000 thousand.

In July 2024 the Company placed bonds of series 001R-07 with a nominal value of RUB 12,000,000 thousand with maturity in June 2027. The coupon rate is set as floating at the key rate of the Bank of Russia with a spread of 1.9% per annum.

#### 29 Events after the reporting date (continued)

#### Increase of the income tax rate

In July 2024 Federal Law No. 176-FZ On Amendments to Parts One and Two of the Tax Code of the Russian Federation, Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian Federation and the Recognition of Certain Provisions of Legislative Acts of the Russian Federation as Invalid was adopted, enacting an increase in the income tax rate from 20% to 25% from 1 January 2025.

The Group estimates, based on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, that the application of this law will result in:

- An increase in the Group's deferred tax liabilities in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position by the amount of approximately RUB 2,000,000 thousand in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2024.
- Additional deferred income tax expense in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the amount of approximately RUB 2,000,000 thousand in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2024.